

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

in accordance with ISO 14020, ISO 14025, ISO 21930 and EN 15804

Owner of the declaration:

Program operator:

Publisher:

Declaration number:

Paroc Panel System OY Ab

The Norwegian EPD Foundation The Norwegian EPD Foundation

NEPD-405-283-EN

20.01.2016

Issue date: Valid to:

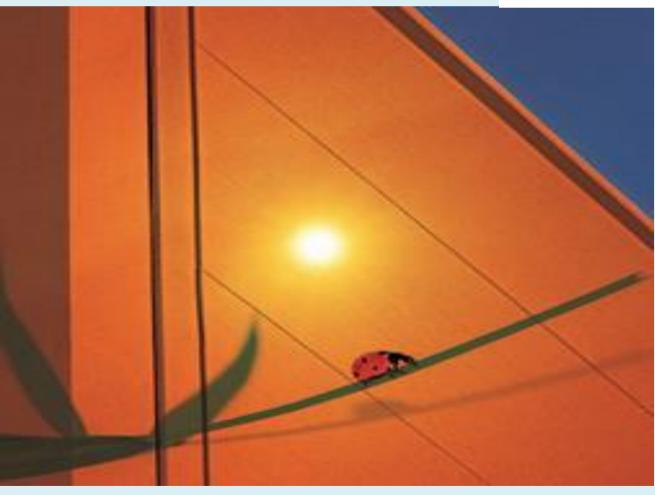
20.01.2010

Paroc AST E, AST F and AST F+ fire proof panels

Paroc AS

www.epd-norge.no







General information Product: Owner of the declaration: Paroc AST E, AST F and AST F+ fire proof panels Paroc Panel System OY Ab (represented by Paroc AS) Contact person: Juha Laihonen Phone: +358-400 902 759 e-mail: Juha.Laihonen@paroc.com Program operator: Manufacturer: The Norwegian EPD Foundation Paroc Panel System OY Ab Skräbbölentie 14-16, FIN-21600 Parainen; Finland P.O. Box 5250 Majorstuen N-0303 Oslo Norway +47 23 08 82 92 +358 46 876 8000 Phone: Phone: e-mail: post@epd-norge.no e-mail: panelinfo@paroc.com **Declaration number:** Place of production: NEPD-405-283-EN Parainen, Finland **ECO Platform reference number:** Management system: ISO 9001:2008 This declaration is based on Product Category Rules: Organisation no: CEN Standard EN 15804 serves as core PCR FI19183492 PCR 010 rev1 Building Boards (12 2013) Statement of liability: Issue date: The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the 20.01.2016 underlying information and evidence. EPD Norway shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences. Valid to: 20.01.2021

Declared unit:

Scope: Cradle to Grave

1 m² of Paroc AST E 150 sandwich panels, with mass of 27,33, from raw material extraction (A1) to the factory gate (A3)

Functional unit:

1 m² of sandwich panel, type AST E150, with a reference service lifetime of 50 years.

Verification:

The CEN Norm EN 15804 serves as the core PCR. Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025:2010 internal П external

Third party verifier:

V HERE EURINGEN



(Independent verifier approved by EPD Norway)

Comparability:

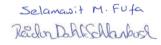
Year of study:

2015-16

EPD of construction products may not be comparable if they not comply with EN 15804 and seen in a building context.

The EPD has been worked out by:

Selamawit Mamo Fufa Reidun Dahl Schlanbusch





Approved

Håkon Hauan Managing Director of EPD-Norway



Product

Product description:

Paroc fire proof panels are steel-faced sandwich panels with a core of stone wool. The panels are intended to be used as partitions, ceilings and external wall structures in industrial, commercial, residential and office buildings, hospitals, chill stores, clean rooms and in the food industry.

Product specification:

The calculations are based on the 1 $\rm m^2$ of Paroc AST E 150 fire proof panels (Table 1). This EPD is valid for all variations carrying the name Paroc AST E 150 , AST F 150 and Paroc AST F+ 150 panels.

The deviation of the LCA results for the AST E panels relative to the AST F and AST F+ panels is estimated to be less than 5%.

The panels are produced in different thicknesses. The environmental impact of the panels with different thicknesses can be estimated by multiplying the LCA result of each impact category in the environmental impact table (page 6) with the corresponding factors given in Table 2.

Table 1. Composition of 1 m² of AST E 150 panel.

Materials	kg	%
Mineral wool	18	65,85
Metal sheet	8,73	31,93
Glue	0,59	2,15
Sealant	0,02	0,07
Sum of materials	27,33	100

Technical data:

The mass of the declared unit is 27,33 kg and the thickness is 150 mm.

The panel has SINTEF Technical Approval TG 2180 (http://www.paroc.com/~/media/files/certificates/no-approval-nr-2180-ps.ashx). For U value and other technical data consult the approval.

Market

Main market areas are Scandinavia and central and eastern Europe. The senarios beyond cradle-to-gate are based on Norwegian market.

Reference service life, product:

The Reference service lifetime of Paroc fire proof panels is 50 years when applied according to the product description in TG 2180.

Reference service life, building:

The Reference service lifetime of 50 years has been assumed for the building in all calculations.

Table 2. Factors for estimation of the environmental impact from different panel thicknesses. Multiply the LCA result of each impact category in the environmental impact table (page 6) with the corresponding factors.

		Thicknesses (mm)										
Impact categories	50	80	100	120	150	175	200	240	300			
GWP (kg CO ₂ -eqv)	0,69	0,78	0,84	0,91	1,00	1,08	1,16	1,29	1,48			
ODP (kg CFC11-eqv)	0,56	0,69	0,78	0,87	1,00	1,11	1,22	1,39	1,65			
POCP(kg C ₂ H ₄ -eqv)	0,80	0,85	0,89	0,93	1,00	1,05	1,11	1,20	1,33			
AP (kg SO ₂ -eqv)	0,72	0,80	0,86	0,91	1,00	1,07	1,14	1,26	1,43			
EP (kg PO ₄ ³ -eqv)	0,81	0,86	0,90	0,94	1,00	1,05	1,10	1,17	1,29			
ADPM (kg Sb-eqv)	0,95	0,97	0,98	0,99	1,00	1,01	1,02	1,04	1,07			
ADPE (MJ)	0,66	0,75	0,83	0,89	1,00	1,09	1,17	1,32	1,53			
RPEE (MJ)	0,61	0,72	0,81	0,88	1,00	1,10	1,19	1,35	1,59			
RPEM (MJ)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
TPE (MJ)	0,61	0,72	0,81	0,88	1,00	1,10	1,19	1,35	1,59			
NRPE (MJ)	0,63	0,73	0,81	0,89	1,00	1,10	1,19	1,34	1,57			
NRPM (MJ)	0,67	0,64	0,73	0,84	1,00	1,11	1,27	1,51	1,86			
TRPE (MJ)	0,63	0,73	0,81	0,89	1,00	1,10	1,19	1,34	1,58			



LCA: Calculation rules

Declared unit:

1 m^2 of Paroc AST E 150, from raw material extraction (A1) to the factory gate (A3).

System boundary:

Flow chart for production (A3) of the panels is shown in Figure 1, while the system boundaries for the rest of the modules are shown on page 6.

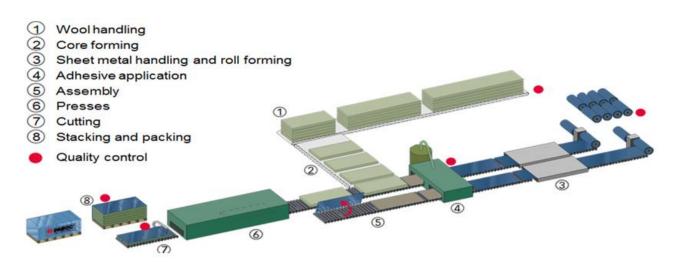


Figure 1: A flow diagram of Paroc fire proof panels production (A3).

Data quality:

The data quality requirements are according to PCR 010 rev1 Building Boards clause 7.3.6. Specific data collected from manufacturer is applied for the most important raw materials in A1. Specific data from the 2014 production at the manufacturing site is applied in A3. The production data of Paroc fire proof panels is from one production site, Parainen in Finland, so no average data has been used for different locations. Missing data were susbtituted with generic data from Ecoinvent v.3.1. No data are more than 5 years old.

Cut-off criteria:

General cut-off criteria are given in standard EN 15804 clause 6.3.5. In compliance with these criteria, all major raw materials and all the essential energy are included. The infrastructure of the manufacturing site, joint insulation and sealants used in A5 with very small amounts (<1%) are not included. This cut-off rule does not apply for hazardous materials and substances.

Allocation:

The allocation is made in accordance to EN 15804:2012+A1:2013. Energy, water and waste consumption in the factory is allocated to the FU by mass allocation. Effects of primary production of recycled materials are allocated to the main product in which the material was used. The recycling process of the metal sheet is allocated to module C3. The credit from recycling of the metal sheet is allocated to module D.



LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following information describe the scenarios in the different modules of the EPD.

Transport from production place to user (A4)

Type	Destination	Capacity utilisation (incl.	Type of vehicle	Distance	Fuel/Energy	Value
		return) %**		km	consumption	(I/t)
Truck	Turku, Finland	53	Lorry >32 tons, EURO4	26	0,02 l/tkm	0,52
Boat	Kappelskär, Sweden	65	Freight ship	229	0,003 l/tkm	0,69
Truck	Oslo, Norway	53	Lorry >32 tons, EURO4	600	0,02 l/tkm	12

The transport in A4 is a representative transport distance from production site in Finland to the building site in Norway.

Assembly (A5)

	Unit	Value
Auxiliary materials	kg	0,51
Electricity consumption	kWh	0,02
Other energy carriers	kWh	0,04
Material loss	kg	0

The installation (A5) includes the energy and materials used for unloading of the panel packages from a truck, lifting up the panels to the building frame and fixing the panels with screws and selants. Material loss is estimated to be 0.

Maintenance (B2)/Repair (B3)

manitenance (BZ)/Repair (B3)		
	Unit	Value
Paint used for maintenance	kg	0,24
Detergent used for cleaning	kg	0,20
Water used for cleaning	I	7,6
Consumption of energy	MJ	2,0
Material loss	kg	0,08

Use (B1)

	Unit	Value
No LCA-related environmetal impacts		0

There is no environmental related impact (B1) by the panel during the service life.

Replacement (B4)/Refurbishment (B5)

	Unit	Value
Replacement cycle*	Yr	50

^{*} Number or RSL (Reference Service Life)

The maintenance (B2) of the panels is assumed to be performed by applying two layers of paint once during the life time of the panels. Cleaning of the surface of the panels using detergent four times during the life time is also included.

In normal use scenario, it is assumed that there is no repair (B3), replacement (B4) and refubrishment (B5) is needed .

Operational energy (B6) and water consumption (B7)

	Unit	Value
Modules not relevant according to PCR 010		

B6 and B7 are not relevant according to PCR 010 rev1 Building Boards.

End of Life (C1, C3, C4)

	Unit	Value
Hazardous waste disposed	kg	
Collected as mixed construction waste	kg	
Reuse	kg	
Recycling	kg	9,23
Energy recovery	kg	
To landfill	kg	18,6

End-of-life life scenario, C1, C3 and C4, is based on materials being separated on site. The steel is assumed to be 100% recycled and the mineral wool is assumed to be 100% landfilled. Energy for deconstruction is included in C1, and activities related to steel recycling is included in C3.

Transport to waste processing (C2)

Transport	Transport to waste processing (GZ)												
Type	Destination	Capacity utilisation (incl.	Type of vehicle	Distance	Fuel/Energy	Value							
		return) %**		km	consumption	(I/t)							
Truck	To recycling	26	Lorry, 16-32 tons, EURO4	50	0,045 l/tkm	2,25							
Truck	To landfill	26	Lorry, 16-32 tons, EURO4	50	0,045 l/tkm	2,25							

The transport in C2 represents transport to recycling and disposal site in Norway.

^{**} The capacity utilization factors for truck are calculated from Ecoinvent v3.1. Capacity utilisation factors for boat are from Ecoinvent v2.2 report 14: Transport Services (Kolle et al., 1991) (Knørr et al., 2000)



Benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries

.(=)		
	Unit	Value
Net new steel recycling	kg	8,42

Benefits beyound the life cycle (D) is calculated as the net new steel that is recycled and replace primary steel production. 1,092 kg of recycled steel is assumed to produce 1kg of virgin steel in secondary production. Thus, 92% of the steel (in C3) is assumed to replace the virgin steel production.

LCA: Results

The calculations are based on the Paroc AST E fire proof panels. The deviation of the LCA results for the AST F and AST F+ Paroc fire proof panels product range is estimated to be less than 5%.

When interpreting the results, it is important to note that, the benefits from recycling of the steel in D is calculated based on an assumption of 100% steel recycling.

System boundaries (X=included, MND= module not declared, MNR=module not relevant)

Product stage			Assemby stage				Use stage								e stag	е	Beyond the system boundaries
Raw materials	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport		Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery- Recycling-potential
A1	A2	А3	A4		A5	B1	B2	В3	В4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Х	Х	Χ	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Χ	Х	MNR	MNR	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х

Environmental impact								
Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1
GWP	kg CO ₂ -eqv	29,4	1,18	2,57	33,1	1,53	1,45	0
ODP	kg CFC11-eqv	3,2E-06	2,1E-07	2,6E-07	3,7E-06	2,9E-07	5,9E-08	0
POCP	kg C ₂ H ₄ -eqv	0,011	2,3E-04	1,2E-03	0,013	3,0E-04	4,8E-04	0
AP	kg SO ₂ -eqv	0,15	8,4E-03	0,01	0,16	7,5E-03	5,2E-03	0
EP	kg PO ₄ 3eqv	0,022	1,8E-03	1,2E-03	0,025	1,1E-03	9,3E-04	0
ADPM	kg Sb-eqv	3,1E-04	6,6E-07	7,1E-07	3,1E-04	3,3E-06	1,7E-05	0
ADPE	MJ	370	17,2	54,2	441	23,8	10,6	0

Environmental impact								
Parameter	Unit	B2	B3-B5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP	kg CO ₂ -eqv	2,76	0	0,015	0,24	5,0E-03	0,101	-14,3
ODP	kg CFC11-eqv	1,7E-07	0	2,7E-09	4,3E-08	2,5E-09	3,3E-08	-8,8E-07
POCP	kg C ₂ H ₄ -eqv	1,4E-03	0	3,1E-06	4,1E-05	8,5E-07	3,7E-05	-8,4E-03
AP	kg SO ₂ -eqv	0,011	0	1,1E-04	9,6E-04	1,9E-05	7,7E-04	-0,078
EP	kg PO ₄ 3eqv	5,9E-03	0	2,4E-05	1,6E-04	3,7E-06	1,3E-04	-0,016
ADPM	kg Sb-eqv	9,3E-06	0	1,5E-08	7,7E-07	2,4E-08	1,3E-07	-2,0E-04
ADPE	MJ	18,6	0	0,22	3,55	0,063	2,83	-156

GWP Global warming potential; ODP Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; POCP Formation potential of tropospheric photochemical oxidants; AP Acidification potential of land and water; EP Eutrophication potential; ADPM Abiotic depletion potential for non fossil resources; ADPE Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources

INA = Indicator not assessed

Resource	Resource use								
Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	
RPEE	MJ	62,9	0,12	6,59	69,6	0,37	0,892	0	
RPEM	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TPE	MJ	62,9	0,12	6,59	69,6	0,37	0,892	0	
NRPE	MJ	478	17,4	58,1	554	24,3	11,3	0	
NRPM	MJ	0	0	9,86	9,86	0	0	0	
TRPE	MJ	478	17,4	67,9	564	24,3	11,3	0	
SM	kg	1,66	INA	INA	INA	INA	9,5E-02	0	
RSF	MJ	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	0	
NRSF	MJ	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	0	
W	m^3	295	0,46	26,4	322	1,07	5,38	0	

Resource	Resource use								
Parameter	Unit	B2	B3-B5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	
RPEE	MJ	14,261	0	0,071	0,045	0,050	0,067	-14,2	
RPEM	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TPE	MJ	14,261	0	0,071	0,045	0,050	0,067	-14,2	
NRPE	MJ	25	0	0,22	3,62	0,32	2,88	-166	
NRPM	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TRPE	MJ	25	0	0,22	3,62	0,32	2,88	-166	
SM	kg	INA	0	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	
RSF	MJ	INA	0	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	
NRSF	MJ	INA	0	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	
W	m^3	4,49	0	0,028	0,13	0,302	0,091	-102	

RPEE Renewable primary energy resources used as energy carrier; RPEM Renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; TPE Total use of renewable primary energy resources; NRPE Non renewable primary energy resources used as energy carrier; NRPM Non renewable primary energy resources used as materials; TRPE Total use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM Use of secondary materials; RSF Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF Use of non renewable secondary fuels; W Use of net fresh water

End of life - Waste								
Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1
HW	kg	INA	INA	0,050	0,050	INA	INA	0
NHW	kg	2,47	INA	1,94	4,41	INA	0,33	0
RW	kg	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	0

End of life	End of life - Waste								
Parameter	Unit	B2	B3-B5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	
HW	kg	INA	0	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	
NHW	kg	0,080	0	INA	INA	9,40	18,6	INA	
RW	kg	INA	0	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	

HW Hazardous waste disposed; NHW Non hazardous waste disposed; RW Radioactive waste disposed

End of life - Output flow								
Parameter	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1
CR	kg	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	0
MR	kg	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	0
MER	kg	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	0
EEE	MJ	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	0
ETE	MJ	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	0

End of life	End of life - Output flow								
Parameter	Unit	B2	B3-B5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	
CR	kg	INA	0	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	
MR	kg	INA	0	INA	INA	9,40	INA	8,42	
MER	kg	INA	0	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	
EEE	MJ	INA	0	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	
ETE	MJ	INA	0	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	

CR Components for reuse; MR Materials for recycling; MER Materials for energy recovery; EEE Exported electric energy; ETE Exported thermal energy

Reading example: $9.0 \text{ E}-03 = 9.0 \cdot 10^{-3} = 0.009$



Additional Norwegian requirements

Greenhous gas emission from the use of electricity in the manufacturing phase

Finnish production mix from import, high Voltage (production of transmission lines, in addition to direct emissions and losses in grid) of applied electricity for the manufacturing prosess(A3).

Data source	Amount	Unit
Econinvent v3.1 (june 2014)	0,386	kgCO ₂ -eqv/kWh

Dangerous substances

✓	The product contains no substances given by the REACH Candidate list or the Norwegian priority list
	The product contains substances given by the REACH Candidate list or the Norwegian priority list that are less than 0,1 % by weight.
	The product contain dangerous substances, more then 0,1% by weight, given by the REACH Candidate List or the Norwegian Priority list, see table.
	The product contains no substances given by the REACH Candidate list or the Norwegian priority list. The product is classified as hazardous waste (Avfallsforskiften, Annex III), see table.

Indoor environment

The product meets the requirements for low emissions (M1) according to EN15251: 2007 Appendix E.

Carbon footprint

Carbon footprint has not been worked out for the product.



Bibliography	
ISO 14020:2000	Environmental labels and declarations - General principles
ISO 14025:2010	Environmental labels and declarations - Type III environmental declarations - Principles and procedures
ISO 14044:2006	Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Requirements and guidelines
EN 15804:2012+A1:2013	Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declaration - Core rules for the product category of construction products
ISO 21930:2007	Sustainability in building construction - Environmental declaration of building products
EN 15251:2007	Indoor environmental input parameters for design and assessment of energy performance of buildings
ISO 9001: 2008	Quality management system - Requirements
Fufa, S.M.: 2015	LCA-report for Paroc fire proof panels. Report nr. xxxxxxx from Sintef Building and Infrastructure, Trondheim, Norway.
PCR 010 rev1: 2013	Product category rules for Building Boards
Ecoinvent v3.1	Swiss Centre of Life Cycle Inventories. www.ecoinvent.ch
Spielmann, M., Bauer, C., Dones, R., Tuchschmid, M.	Ecoinvent report no.14: Transport Services, 2007

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